The Q143 Presets module provides manual switching of 2 voltage sources and 2 routing paths. This can be used to allow quick switching of various patch settings and is perfect for switching patches at live events.

## **Specifications**

Panel Size: Dual width 4.25"w x 8.75"h. Output Levels: 10V PP maximum Power: +15V@8ma, -15V@8ma.

## **Controls and Connectors**

#### A/B Selection Switch

Selects voltages and paths from the A side or B side, or neither when in the center.

### **Voltage Controls**

Adjust the output voltage from -5v to +5v.



## **Usage and Patch Tips**

#### Basics

The Q143 Presets module is a simple A/B switch and provides 2 voltage sources and 2 switches (SPDT). To provide a switch-selectable voltage, simply patch the output of a voltage section to the desired destination, then adjust the voltage at the A and B positions. To make a route change, simply patch the signals through the bottom switch sections. Signals can flow in either direction.

#### **Filter Resonance Settings**

Patch the output of one of the voltage sections to the voltage controlled Resonance input of the Q107 filter. Adjust the input level on the filter to +5 (Full), then adjust the voltage controls on the Q143 for both A and B positions.

#### **Oscillator Octave Settings**

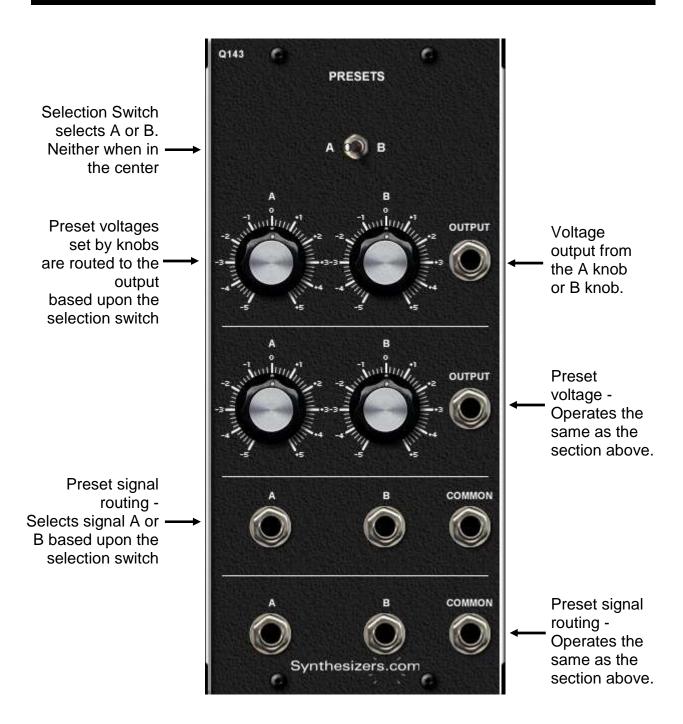
Patch the output of one of the voltage sections to one of the 1V/Octave inputs on the Q106 Oscillator. Adjust the voltage controls on the Q143 for both A and B positions to select different octaves for each position.

#### **Many More Possibilities**

Use the Q143 to select various triggering sources for a sequencer, select between different banks of oscillators, provide various settings for Pan/Fade, or select between the ladder filter or the state variable filter. As with any module in this type of system, your imagination is the only limit.



# Q143 Presets





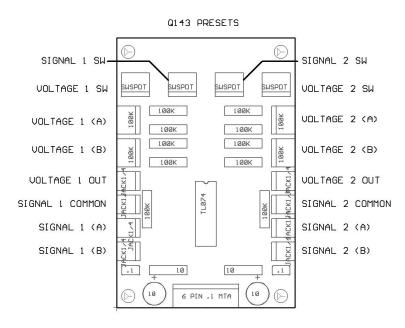
# Testing

- 1. Attach a voltmeter or oscilloscope to the output jack of the top section.
- 2. Set switch to A
- 3. Turning knob A in that section should adjust the voltage from -5 to +5.
- 4. Set switch to B
- 5. Turning knob B in that section should adjust the voltage from -5 to +5.
- 6. Set switch to middle.
- 7. Output should be 0 volts.
- 8. Do this same test to the next voltage source section.

9. Attach an oscilloscope to the output jack of the first switch section.

- 10. Apply a 1Khz signal to the Common jack.
- 11. Set switch to A.
- 12. The signal should be present at the A jack.
- 13. Set switch to B.
- 14. The signal should be present at the B jack.
- 15. Do this same test to the second switch section.

# **PC Board Layout**



# **Power Connector**

6 pin .1" MTA type connector made by AMP. Available from Mouser Electronics or Digi-Key. Modules have a male PCB mount connector and cable harnesses have a female.

#### Part Numbers:

Female cable mount: #6404416 Male PCB mount: #6404566

## Pinout:

- 1 = +15v
- 2 = key (pin removed)
- 3 = +5v
- 4 = gnd 5 = -15v

Not all voltages are used on all modules.

